





# Outcome Sponsor – Mike Harries

**Prosperous** 

Director for Environment and the Economy



## **Outcomes Focused Monitoring Report**

### July 2018

The following pages have been provided to summarise the current position against each outcome indicator and performance measure. This will help the council to identify and focus upon potential areas for further scrutiny. All risks are drawn from the <u>Corporate Risk Register</u> and mapped against specific population indicators where relevant. Any further corporate risks that relate to the 'Prosperous' outcome is also included to provide a full overview. Please note that information relating to outcomes and shared accountability can be found on the <u>Dorset Outcomes Tracker</u>.

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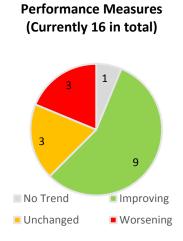
### Corporate Plan 2017-18: Dorset County Council's Outcomes and Performance Framework PROSPEROUS – Executive Summary



**Suggested Indicators for Focus** 

Percentage of children achieving the 'Basics' measures at Key Stage 4

Ratio of lower quartile house prices to lower quartile earnings

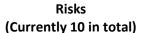


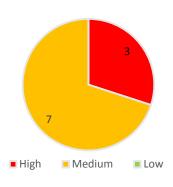
**Suggested Measures for Focus** 

Number of schools below the floor (Progress 8)

Average progress 8 score per pupil

Percentage basics (Good pass in English and Maths)





**Suggested Risks for Focus** 

09a Unable to provide sufficient school places (Basic Need)

17c – Insufficient professional capability/capacity to deliver the full programme of change for Local Government Reorganisation within the identified timescales without impacting negatively on Forward Together savings programme

14g – The implications of Brexit (impacts on Dorset businesses and employees)

<b>PROSPEROUS: 01 Population Indicator - The productivity of</b> Maxine Bodell; Population Indicator Lead Officer David Walsh		sses (GV/	A per hour	worked)	- Outcome L	ead Officer
DORSET - Previous (2015) 84.9; Latest (2016) 85.3						
DORSET - Trend IMPROVING						
COMPARATOR - Benchmark (South West) 101.8 - WORSE	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Story behind the baseline: In Dorset, GVA per hour worked (productivity) is neighbours to the west, but less well compared with neighbours to the north employment opportunities e.g. high representation of tourism related jobs, skilled trades - an above average percentage of part time jobs, lack of dynami population centres, connectivity and supply chain issues, and lifestyle choice	and east. This may availability of appro ism and low compet	reflect a nu priately skil itiveness in	mber of facto led workers - the local eco	rs including - skills short	: the structure age vacancies s	of industry and suggest a gap in
Why does it matter? Raising productivity is key to improving living standard better income levels and improved well-being.	ls sustainably in the	long term.	Productivity	leads to eco	onomic growth,	which leads to
Partners with a significant role to play: Dorset LEP, District and Borough cou						
Performance N	leasure(s) – Trend	d Lines				
% of highway network where maintenance should be considered						
Latest 2017-18 = A Roads 4%, B & C Roads 5%	_					
	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
Funding secured for the delivery of transport improvement schemes						
Previous 2016-17 = £5.65M						
Latest 2017-18 = £8.56M	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17 2	2017-18
Leader indicative allocation invested in active interventions						
Dravious Otr 2 2017 18 - 50 714M						
Previous Qtr 3 2017-18 = £0.714M Latest Qtr 4 2017-18 = £1.013M	Q1 17-18	Q2 17-18	Q3 17-18	Q4 17-18	1	
Corporate Risk			S	core	Tro	end
No associated current corporate risk(s)						
Value for Money - UNDER DEVELOPMENT			Li	atest	Ra	ank
What are we doing about it? Dorset County Council focuses attention on a highways, both of which should enable businesses and workers to do their jo of improvement over the last few years. This drop reflects changes to the war extreme weather conditions, with 124 gritting runs made over 71 days, using in March alone, with a period of snow event days meant Dorset Highways ope and provide fundamental access for vulnerable people. Working in partners and Industry we also seek out and exploit funding avenues provided by Europ as the transport funding reported here are on top of annual goverr growth. Opportunities to bid for competitive government grants or other thin will also depend on the national agenda. Recently national transport funds he is an EU funded initiative which allows us to provide grants to make rural bu scheme.	bbs better. Whilst ro y the County Counci g over 9,000 tonnes erating 24/7 to keep hip with other local be, our Government nment settlements rd-party funding aris ave been directed to	bad condition I has funded of salt (mor roads open authorities, and other b and other b and help e on an ad h wards the '	n has dropped lits investme e than doubl and peoples the Dorset L odies to incre- us provide noc basis and Midlands Eng	ed this year nt programi e last year). .afe, as well EP and the ease investm infrastructu will change .ine' and 'No	this follows a sume. This winter Almost 4,000 c as allow busine Dorset Chambe nent in the Cour ure improveme from year to ye orthern Powerh	ustained period thas seen some of this was used sses to operate of Commerce nty. These such ents to unlock ar. Our success ouse'. LEADER

<b>PROPEROUS: 02 Population Indicator - Rate of start-ups of ne</b> Population Indicator Lead Officer David Walsh	ew business e	nterprises	- Outcom	e Lead Officer	r Maxine Boo	lell;
DORSET - Previous (2015) 81.6; Latest (2016) 81.9	-					_
DORSET - Trend IMPROVING						
COMPARATOR - Benchmark (England & Wales) WORSE 107.3	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14 2	014-15 201	5-16
<ul> <li>Story behind the baseline: In Dorset, annual growth in the number of busin changed little in the last three years. This could reflect several factors such as: <ul> <li>A lack of available employment land in the right location,</li> <li>A lack of choice of suitable employment premises in the right locatio</li> <li>A lack of innovation/dynamism in local economy, or</li> <li>Quality of life/lifestyle issues meaning that new business owners meaning that</li></ul></li></ul>	ion,		tion aged 16	i-64 is below the	national averag	₹e and ha
Dorset Innovation Park (Enterprise Zone) was officially launched on Friday 26 Atlas Electronic UK manufacturing building, and coincided with the official oper Councils, in association with the Dorset LEP. Commercial interest in the units saw the publication of marketing material for use at local and international lev	ning of twenty sn has been encour	all business	units constru	ucted by Dorset Co	ounty and Purbe	eck Distric
Why does it matter? Expansion in the number of businesses should lead to not businesses should offer quality jobs i.e. higher value added to raise productivit	ty levels.	ents which, ii	n turn, shoul	d increase income	es and well-beir	ıg. Ideally
Partners with a significant role to play: Dorset LEP, District and Borough coun	cils, Businesses					
Performance Measure(s) – Trend Lines - The Dorset Enter performance measure	-			April 2017, so	data for the	se
Amount of workspace created or serviced at the Dorset Enterprise Park			inte			
Previous Q3 17-18 = 0						
Latest Q4 17-18 = 1	Q1 17-18	Q2 17-18	Q3 17-18	Q4 17-18	Ι	
Number of new enterprises created or safeguarded at the Dorset Enterprise Park						
Previous Q3 17-18 = 1800			1			1
Latest Q4 17-18 = 2100	Q1 17-18	Q2 17-18	Q3 17-18	Q4 17-18		
Corporate Risk				Score	Tren	d
No associated current corporate risk(s)						
Value for Money - UNDER DEVELOPMENT				Latest	Ran	k
What are we doing about it? Through the workspace and other economic st growth. In addition, we actively promote inward investment hosting the 'Prop following up any leads with potential investors. As a land owner, the Count partnership with Purbeck District Council and the Dorset LEP has purchased Do	perty Pilot', prom ty Council can dis	oting Dorset pose of its c	as a location	to do business a	t fairs and exhib	oitions and
As the landlord, we are promoting the Enterprise Zone as a location for busines is now complete, and the first tenant is in place with good levels of interest be		-		-		instructio

ORSET - Previous (2015) 58.7%; Latest (2016) 58%						
ORSET - Trend WORSENING						
R						
OMPARATOR - Benchmark (England	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Wales) BETTER 54%						
tory behind the baseline: KS4 no longer has the 5 A*-C type meas umbering system: a standard pass is now a grade 4 or above; a go enchmarking. The measure is now: "Average progress 8 score" and the figures are negative. The score involves comparing pupils inglish and Maths. These can then be aggregated to school or LA lev negative score is not so good. Therefore, Dorset's score has worse ational figure is always 0 it should be noted that the national ave 0.5. Dorset Progress 8 results dipped in 2017 – as did those in mo	bod pass is now 5 or d we have two years' with similar prior att. rel. The principal is th ened compared to las rage for state funde bost LAs in the South	above. It isn worth of dat ainment score at a positive s st year but th d schools is - West. Whilst	't directly co ca. Dorset figu es (I.e. at KS2 score compar is is also the p 0.03. For con many school	mparable to ures are 2015 ) and their pr res favourable pattern for st text, the ran s improved, s	previous yea 5-16: -0.04; 2 rogress across y with the nat ratistical neight ge nationally some dipped	rs but does allow 016-17: -0.15. <b>N</b> s 8 subjects incluc tional average, wh bours. Although varies from -0.73 in results in 2017
ddition Dorset 'gained' 2 new schools with low results in 2017 (Par eflect overall school performance. Why does it matter? Achieving			,			
oth employability and life chances. Partners with a significant role	to play: Ofsted, DFE, nce Measure(s)			sioner and W	essex School	Improvement Boa
		– Trend Li	ies			
Average progress 8 score per pupil	[	1	1		1	1
Previous 2015-16 = -0.04	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
Latest 2016-17 = -0.14	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-10	2010-17	2017-16
<b>Number of schools below the floor (progress 8)</b> (a floor tandard is the standard below which it is unacceptable for any school to fall even in one year and where immediate scrutiny		1				
and/or intervention may be required) Previous 2015 -16 = 1 Latest 2016 -17 = 4	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
<b>Percentage of coasting schools (</b> where over three years, pupils are thought not to be progressing as much as they should)			-	-	_	
Previous 2015-16 = 10.5% Latest 2016-17 = 5.6%	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
Percentage basics (Good pass in English and Maths)						
Previous 2016 = 65%						
Latest 2017 = 63%	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Looked after children GCSE A* to C in English and Maths						<u>_</u>
I	[		1		1	
Previous 2016 = 23%	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Previous 2016 = 23% Latest 2017 = 23%		Corporate Risk				
Latest 2017 = 23%			Sc	ore		Trend

agree next steps. Performance advisors and Area advisors review Pyramid and MAT performance through data reviews through the year. DCC also combines with high performing schools to apply for improvement or emergency funding where appropriate. There are different responsibilities for the County Council for those schools that are maintained by the local authority and those that are academies, following a series of national policy changes. A paper is being presented to Cabinet in March on the <u>future relationship between the County Council, schools and academies</u> which will set the direction for the role of the local authority in relation to standards in the future.

<b>PROSPEROUS: 04 Population Indicator - Percentage of res</b> Lead Officer Maxine Bodell; Population Indicator Lead Offic			vel 4 (or eo	quivalent)	and abo	<b>ve</b> - Outcome
DORSET - Previous (2016) 35.9%, Latest (2017) 32.7%						
DORSET - Trend IMPROVING	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-1	6 2016-17
COMPARATOR - Benchmark (South West) WORSE 37.8%	2011-12	2012-10	דייז ־נע עע	201 <del>4</del> -10	2010 1	0 2010-17
Story behind the baseline: Level 4 is equivalent to having a Higher to NVQ4+ is mostly above the national average but dropped below to year changes can reflect statistical error. Raising skill levels in the for skilled trade's occupations. Higher level Apprenticeships and development of higher level apprenticeships will be supported by of higher level apprenticeships by employers, and the opportunity Why does it matter? Level 4 skills are key to future jobs. Raising ski for skilled trade occupations. Ageing of the workforce means em levels give workers the opportunity to apply for better jobs, have skilled labour pool will attract new employers and investment thu	w in the last yea ne workforce at d the continua r the Apprentice y to up-skill exist ill levels in the nployers need t greater job sa	ar. Care: d level 4+ w ution of lea eship refor sting staff workforce to upskill ti tisfaction a	ata is drawr ould help ra arning whil ms 2017, w to a higher would help neir workfo and enhance	n from a hou educe skills st in work here Levy fi level throug reduce skill rces for suc es well-beir	usehold s shortage would he unding w gh the app shortage ccession p	ample survey so year vacancies, especially elp address this. The ill enable the take up prenticeship route. vacancies, especially planning. Higher skill
Partners with a significant role to play: Dorset LEP, District and B	-					
Performance I	Measure(s) –	Trend Lin	es			
Students going to UK higher education institutions after key stage 5 (including deferred entry)						
Previous 2014-15 = 52			_			
Latest 2015-16 = 54	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-1	7 2017-18
Percentage of all apprenticeships taken at a higher level						
Previous 2015-16 = 3.4%						
Latest 2016-17 = 4.5%						
	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-1	7 2017-18
Corporate Risk				Scor	e	Trend
No associated current corporate risk(s)						
Value for Money - UNDER DEVELOPMENT				Lates	st	Rank
What are we doing about it? Dorset County Council works with people entering Higher Education and upskilling adults to Level 4 ensure that all young people and their parents are aware of all po	helps the loca	l economy	meet its ne	eeds. DCC a	and partn	ers work together to

when making decisions. DCC are working with the Dorset LEP and partners to provide information about the labour market's need to inform pupil's choices about careers and to assist schools and colleges when designing their curriculum.

**PROSPEROUS: 05 Population Indicator - Ratio of lower quartile house prices to lower quartile earnings -** Outcome Lead Officer Maxine Bodell; Population Indicator Lead Officer Maxine Bodell

DORSET - Previous (2015) 10, Latest (2016) 1	.0.3						
DORSET - Trend WORSENING	R						
COMPARATOR - Benchmark (England) WORSE 7.2	R	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16

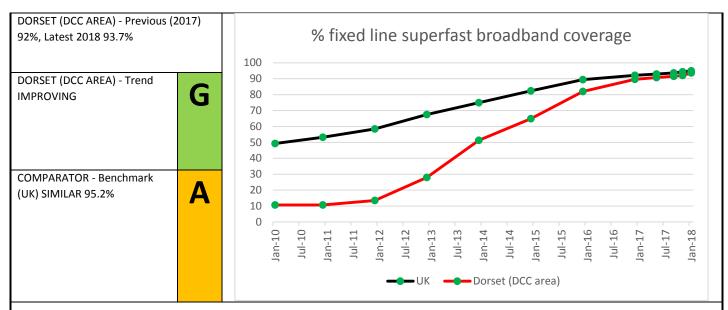
Story behind the baseline: This indicator illustrates how difficult it is for people on lower incomes to access affordable housing. The affordability gap between lower quartile earnings and house prices continues to worsen in Dorset and is significantly higher than the national average. The reasons for this are complex, but are likely to include a combination of the following factors:

- relatively lower salaries and productivity levels in the economy
- higher concentrations of certain lower paid sectors in parts of Dorset such as some services and tourism and the rural economy
- constraints on housing land supply such as international habitats

Why does it matter? If young workers cannot afford to live in the area, they are likely to seek employment in other areas where they can. This could lead to a loss of skills and labour. In addition, if employers cannot recruit the skilled people they need, they too may relocate. Also, the lack of affordable housing acutely contributes to a shortage of key social care workers. Additionally, we need to address the housing needs of the anticipated 257 Adult Social Care clients who will need rehousing over the next 4 years, including around 160 in the next year, due to discharge from hospital, moving on from home, or current inappropriate accommodation. These are mainly clients with Learning Disabilities or Mental Health problems, many of whom have complex needs, and for whom the limited supply of general needs housing available through the Housing Register is usually inappropriate.

Partners with a significant role to play: Partners: Local planning authorities; Housing Providers; Developers; Dorset Local Enterprise Partnership; education and skills development agencies such as local education authorities, universities, FE colleges and employers.

Performance Measure(s) – Trend Lines						
Number of new homes to be delivered on DCC land disposals		$\sim$				
Previous Q1 - 2 17-18 = 20				1	1	1
Latest Q3 – 4 17-18 = 63	Q1-2 16-17	7 Q3-4 16-17	Q1-2 17-18	Q3-4 17-18		
Landbank of permitted reserves of sand and gravel maintained in Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole (million tonnes) Target 9						
Previous 2016 = 8.2	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Latest 2017 = 7.7						
Responses made on behalf of DCC to consultations on Local Plans and Neighbourhood Plans						
Previous Q3 17-18 = 8						
Latest Q4 17-18 = 7	Q3 16-17	Q4 16-17	Q1 17-18	Q2 17-18	Q3 17-18	Q4 17-18
Responses made by Highway Authority to planning applications (within 21 days)						
Previous Q3 17-18 = 505						
Latest Q4 17-18 = 555	Q3 16-17	Q4 16-17	Q1 17-18	Q2 17-18	Q3 17-18	Q4 17-18
Corporate Risk				Sco	ore	Trend
No associated current corporate risk(s)						
What are we doing about it? Dorset County Council is neither the District and Borough Council partners to facilitate the delivery of h the development and use of land that we own. Plans are in place t clients and carers. These include "care villages", which will includ to supplement this with modern prefabricated modular housing, w to meet need of people with Adult Social Care need, Cabinet 7-03-	nousing and ensure to use County Counc le care services, ext hich is purpose buil	a ready suppl cil land for a ra ra care housi	ly of construct ange of innov ng, and key v	tion material vative solutio worker accom	ls. We can a ns to addres nmodation.	also control and influence ss the needs of social care There are also proposals
<b>PROSPEROUS: 06 Population Indicator - Rates of co</b> Population Indicator Lead Officer Pete Bartlett	verage of super	rfast broad	<b>lband -</b> Ou	itcome Lea	d Officer	Maxine Bodell;



**Story behind the baseline:** Ofcom's December 2017 report <u>Connected Nations</u> report summarises the national digital infrastructure position. Detail of Dorset coverage, future and a postcode checker are available here: <u>https://www.dorsetforyou.gov.uk/superfast</u>

#### Superfast Broadband Coverage: National and Dorset coverage data independently sourced from

<u>https://labs.thinkbroadband.com/local/uk</u> (January 2018 – updated monthly). More local programme data is also available, but this does not provide a valid national comparator. The Superfast Dorset programme is a partnership programme between all district, borough and unitary authorities across Dorset, Poole and Bournemouth. 3 contracts have been let to BT to deliver improved broadband in areas of market failure where there are no commercial plans.

Take up of publicly subsidised superfast broadband is 43% (January 2018), above the contractually modelled 20% target. The first contract was let to BT in July 2013 and has now completed its delivery phase, the second contract let in May 2015 is in deployment, and the third contract let in July 2017 is planned to start deployment at the end of this year. These 3 combined with private sector deployments will provide 98% coverage across the partnership area by completion. Mobile 4G coverage: Performance data on mobile digital coverage levels are not available nationally or locally. Ofcom's postcode checker is available: <a href="https://www.ofcom.org.uk/phones-telecoms-and-internet/advice-for-consumers/advice/ofcom-checker">https://www.ofcom.org.uk/phones-telecoms-and-internet/advice-for-consumers/advice/ofcom-checker</a>

Why does it matter? Wider access to Superfast Broadband saves businesses time and money and allows them to work in new or different ways and access new markets. This leads to productivity gains and new jobs, as job creation is higher in connected businesses than non-connected. Greater connectivity also opens opportunities for employees to work remotely from home thus improving their life/work balance and help reduce carbon footprints.

Corporate Risk	Score	Trend
No associated current corporate risk(s)		
Value for Money - UNDER DEVELOPMENT	Latest	Rank

What are we doing about it? Dorset County Council manages the rollout of fixed line digital infrastructure across eligible areas of the county. The move to ubiquitous coverage is being supported by the Superfast Dorset programme working to utilise capital underspends and gain share earmarked for faster broadband, and network expansion, applications have been submitted into the Defra Rural Broadband Infrastructure challenge fund. As well as contract managed interventions the Superfast Dorset programme also supports demand led interventions with the Better Broadband Subsidy Scheme, Community Broadband Fund and has recently launched DCMS Gigabit Voucher Scheme

PROSPEROUS: 07 Population Indicator - Apprentice	shin starts as % of nonulat	ion aged 16-6	54 - Outcome Le	ad Officer Mavine
Bodell; Population Indicator Lead Officer Anne Gray		1011 ageu 10-0		
DORSET - Previous 2016 2.4%, Latest 2017 2.4%				<u> </u>
DORSET - Trend UNCHANGED				
COMPARATOR - Benchmark (UK) BETTER 1.4%	2013	2014	2015 2010	6 2017
<ul> <li>Story behind the baseline: In Dorset, Apprenticeship star national average. The number of starts dropped over the y levels in the workforce are a driver of productivity so the a of Apprenticeship starts in Dorset seems to fluctuate. Star may be affected by: <ul> <li>Employer awareness of Apprenticeships and the</li> <li>Employers unaware of additional funding for app</li> <li>Low number of apprenticeship opportunities in r</li> <li>Wider awareness of Apprenticeships as a route t class' option;</li> <li>Quality of Apprenticeships on offer in terms of tr Why does it matter? Raising qualifications and skill levels t labour pool will attract new employers and investment. H jobs.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	ear (provisional) both locally vailability of good quality App ts dropped by 100 over the las breadth of vocational areas o prenticeships in small business ural areas. to employment and perceptio aining and employment oppo hrough apprenticeships will h lelping workers to gain higher	and nationally. renticeships is it t year, down fro n offer. es. n of this by scho rtunities. elp raise produc skills opens op	Qualifications of mportant for Dors om 5,650 to 5,550 ools/parents/you ctivity. The availa	young people and skill set. The actual number 0. The number of starts ng people as a 'second bility of a higher skilled
Perforn	nance Measure(s) – Trend	Lines		
Cumulative number of new DCC apprenticeships starts between 2017-2021 (NEW SCHEME) against target 209				
Previous Q3 17-18 = 38				
Latest Q4 17-18 = 46	Q1 17-18 Q2 17-18	Q3 17-18 (	Q4 17-18	
Corporate Ris	k		Score	Trend
No associated current corporate risk(s)				
Value for Money - UNDER	DEVELOPMENT		Latest	Rank

What are we doing about it? Dorset County Council works with partners to ensure that all young people are aware of all post 16 opportunities available and supports and encourages them to use this knowledge when making decisions.

As a major employer, it is also a contributor to the governments Apprenticeship Levy which aims to increase opportunities for apprenticeships and it uses this to provide opportunities for apprenticeships across the range of DCC functions. These include higher level apprenticeships that enable a career to be developed within mainstream professions. The target is to recruit 209 apprentices by 2021. After a promising start the level of recruitment dropped in Q3 due to the need to resolve the process for procuring providers through the new Dynamic Purchasing System. This is now set up and working efficiently with recruitment in Q4 back on track.

### Corporate Risks that feature within PROSPEROUS but are not assigned to a specific

POPULATION INDICATOR (All risks are taken from the Corporate Risk	Register)	
17c - Insufficient professional capability/capacity to deliver the full programme of change for Local Government Reorganisation within the identified timescales without impacting negatively on Forward Together savings programme	HIGH	UNCHANGED
14g - The implications of Brexit (impacts on Dorset businesses and employees)	HIGH	UNCHANGED
07a - Failure to sustain an effective relationship across the Dorset Waste Partnership	MEDIUM	UNCHANGED
08a - Failure to maximise income generation opportunities and debt recovery across the Adult & Community Services Directorate	MEDIUM	IMPROVING
08d - Sustainability of our traded education services	MEDIUM	WORSENING
15c - Major service failure associated with transport provision for schools	MEDIUM	IMPROVING
02f - Future negative school improvement inspection	MEDIUM	UNCHANGED
01m - Failure to deliver effective home to school transport within a balanced budget (Mainstream and SEN)	MEDIUM	IMPROVING
09f - failure to adapt services and communities to the impacts of a changing climate	MEDIUM	UNCHANGED

Key to risk and performance assessments						
Corporate Risk(s)		Trend				
High level risk in the Corporate Risk Register and <b>outside of the Council's Risk Appetite</b>	HIGH	Performance trend line has improved since previous data submission	IMPROVING			
Medium level risk in the Corporate Risk Register	MEDIUM	Performance trendline remains unchanged since previous data submission	UNCHANGED			
Low level risk in the Corporate Risk Register	LOW	Performance trendline is worse than the previous data submission	WORSENING			

Responsibility for Indicators and Measures						
Population Indicator	Performance Measure					
relates to ALL people in each population	relates to people in receipt of a service or intervention					
Shared Responsibility Partners and stakeholders working together	<b>Direct Responsibility</b> Service providers (and commissioners)					
Determining the ENDS (Or where we want to be)	Delivering the <b>MEANS</b> (Or how we get there)					

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